



Workplace: Institute of Economics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences

Position: Scientific Advisor Emerita

Education and degrees:

1993 PhD Thesis: System dependencies: The Impact of State-socialism on the Transformation in Hungary

2005 Academic Doctoral Thesis: A Comparative Model of Party-States: Structural and Dynamic Background of Similarities and Differences in Reproduction, Reforms, Collapse and Transformation

• **Research in progress:**

“Common systemic ground behind the disparities of European and Chinese transformations”

"Overinvestment and Economic Overheating in China after the Global Crisis: An Interpretation with a Comparative Model on Communist Systems "

„Dynamics of Anti-corruption Campaigns and Power Redistribution in China”

”Opening up the black box: transformation specifics through enterprise entry and exit in China”

Short professional bio

Maria Csanádi (DSc) is a research advisor at the Institute of Economics of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences — her Phd is in political science. Her main research interest is the comparative political economy of communist systems both on empirical and on theoretical grounds. She has constructed a bottom-up comparative model called Interactive Party-state (IPS) model on the self-similar characteristics of the structure and dynamics of self-reproduction,

dynamic traps and transformation of party-state (communist) systems based on the power network formed by the dependency and interest promotion relationship of party- state- and economic decision-makers. Within the framework of this model, she also designed the different patterns of power distribution that leads to different dynamics of operation and different sequence, speed and conditions of transformation.

This IPS model serves also as a device for her empirical analysis of these systems both in Hungary and China. Her book “Party-states and their Legacies in Post-communist Transformation” was published in Hungarian (1995), English (1997) and Chinese (2002). Her other book titled “Self-consuming Evolutions” describes the model in its whole complexity and demonstrates its functioning as an empirical analytical tool through three case-studies (Romania, Hungary and China). The book was published in English (2006) and in Chinese (2008). She disseminated her studies since 1989 to date in several American, English, Chinese, Singapore and Japanese universities and research institutions as well as in Hong Kong. Her papers were published in journals like Social Research, Behavioral Science, Communist Economies and Economics of Transformation, Journal of World Economy and Politics, Journal of Chinese Economic and Business Studies, East European Politics and Society. Paper published in this latter in 1993 (co-authored by V.J. Bunce) stood as the first among the most cited papers for about 18 years.

Publications

https://vm.mtmt.hu/search/slist.php?nwi=1&initd=1&ty_on=1&url_on=1&cite_type=2&orderby=3D1a&lang=1&location=mtmt&stn=1&AuthorID=10013761