

BUILDA GLOBAL MINDSET

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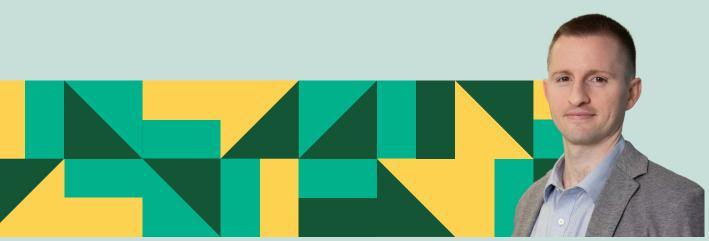
Faculty Admissions Alumni testimonials Career outcomes Course description

OVERVIEW

The Master of International and Public Affairs (MIPA) is a taught postgraduate program in international relations focusing on the Asia Pacific region and beyond. Networked with institutions in Mainland China, East Asia, North America, and Europe, the program is designed for early- and mid-career professionals and university graduates who want to further develop or prepare for careers in international relations.

The MIPA curriculum helps students develop in-depth understanding of international relations theory and practice needed to meet the challenges of an increasingly complex world.





Austin Strange Director, MIPA Program

MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR

In an increasingly complex and volatile world, urgent questions confront the next generation of leaders and professionals. How will technological and economic shifts continue to shape conflict and cooperation between countries? How can China, the United States, and other major countries co-exist and achieve stability and progress? Can governments, companies, and other stakeholders more effectively coordinate to solve problems without borders such as climate change, public health crises, and global poverty?

Addressing these challenges requires diagnosing their fundamental causes. International relations-the study of relationships among states and other important international actors-offers important starting points. At the same time, the world has experienced several major shocks in recent years, and some of these have challenged our long-held basic assumptions about how international politics work. Moving forward, we need policymakers, researchers, and other professionals versed in international relations theory and practice who also can grasp how political, economic, and technological forces are reshaping the world and our understanding of it.

The Master of International and Public Affairs(MIPA) program helps students and professionals-including policymakers, diplomats and civil servants, economic and political researchers, private sector employees, journalists, educators, NGO workers, and othersdevelop this requisite knowledge and perspective. Situated in the University of Hong Kong's Department of Politics and Public Administration, MIPA is Hong Kong's first taught postgraduate program in international relations. MIPA enjoys unique advantages that help make it a high-caliber international relations program. Our program faculty are trained at many of the top political science and international relations programs worldwide and offer a diverse range of courses and perspectives. At the same time, we possess strong expertise in the international relations of China and the broader Asia-Pacific due to our strategic location in Hong Kong. HKU is a major and leading research university in Asia and is consistently recognized as one of the most international universities in the world. Our classrooms reflect this diversity and enable our teachers and students to analyze international problems using different lenses and approaches.

These features position MIPA to play an important role in training the next generation of international leaders and thinkers in Hong Kong, Greater China, the Asia Pacific, and around the world.

We appreciate your interest in the MIPA program, and look forward to welcoming you to campus soon.

Austin Strange Director, MIPA Program

WHY MIPA

Strategic location:

As a major international city and global economic hub, Hong Kong has long served as a major meeting point between East and West, and provides an ideal location for the study of international relations. A regional communications and business centre, the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region is home to a large number of leading international organizations, companies, media agencies, non-governmental organizations, and other important institutions. Over 110 countries have opened diplomatic missions in Hong Kong, which is strategically located as a unique gateway between China and the rest of the world.

Pioneer program:



Established in 2000, MIPA is Hong Kong's first taught postgraduate program in International Relations. Our faculty, trained at top universities worldwide, offer international-caliber expertise in international relations theory and practice across a wide range of topics. This allows students to deepen their knowledge of general international relations theory while also specializing in the Asia Pacific region. Our program faculty and home department, the Department of Politics and Public Administration (PPA), are well connected with academics, professionals, and policy communities locally and internationally, and regularly host world-class international scholars and experts.

Flexible structure:

The flexible structure of the program allows candidates to choose courses from international relations and related areas including law, media studies and public policy. Courses are held mostly during weekday evenings as well as Saturdays over a maximum of a 2-year period. In addition to coursework, program candidates have the opportunity to pursue an original research project through our capstone program. MIPA candidates also have the option to take courses offered by partner institutions such as Peking University, George Washington University, Johns Hopkins University, Seoul National University and Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies, Geneva (GIDSG).



CURRICULUM

To receive the degree of Master of International and Public Affairs, candidates must complete 8 courses or equivalent, plus a capstone project successfully within 1 year for full-time study, or within 2 years for part-time study. In selecting courses, candidates must meet the following requirements:



2 compulsory courses





No fewer than 4 core courses



No more than 2 elective courses

As an example, a student could satisfy the required coursework by completing the 2 compulsory courses, 1 capstone project; 4 core courses, plus the equivalent of 2 courses from the following options:

- 2 additional core or elective courses;
- Overseas study at Peking University, Johns Hopkins University, George Washington University and Seoul National University;
- Public policy courses offered by Department of Politics and Public Administration, HKU;
- Law courses offered by Department of Law, HKU;
- Media studies course offered by Journalism and Media Studies Centre, HKU

Students also have the opportunity to participate in the graduate exchange program with partner institutions overseas such as George Washington University, Seoul National University and Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies, Geneva.



FACULTY



Professor Haohan CHEN Assistant Professor (B.Soc.Sc., HKU; M.S., Ph.D., Duke) **Dr. Wilfred CHOW** Honorary Assistant Professor (B.A., UC Berkeley; Ph.D., UC Davis) **Professor Enze HAN** Associate Professor (B.A., BFSU; M.A., UBC; Ph.D., George Washington)

Expertise: Computational social science, political communication, inequality, redistribution

Expertise:

International trade and dictatorships, authoritarian politics and interstate conflict, coup risk and food security, democratization and international institutions, and alliance politics

Expertise:

International relations, China's relations with Southeast Asia, ethnic politics in China, Southeast Asian politics



Professor Dov H. LEVIN Associate Professor (B.A. & M.A., UHaifa; Ph.D., UCLA)

Expertise:

Partisan electoral interventions, strategic public diplomacy, differences between western and non-western publics, foreign interventions, strategic interaction **Dr. Daniel MARWECKI** Lecturer (M.A., University of Bremen; Ph.D., SOAS University of London)

Expertise:

Crisis of the global order, politics of the global south, the Middle East in international relations **Professor Kai QUEK** Associate Professor (B.A., Cornell; Ph.D., MIT)

Expertise:

Causes and prevention of war, international politics of East Asia, global-level strategic interactions, local-level policy pathologies, experimental political science



Dr. Martin SEBENA Honorary Lecturer

(MA, Charles University in Prague; M.Fin., Curtin; Ph.D., HKU)

Professor Uwe STEINHOFF Professor

(M.A., Johann-Wolfgang-GoetheU; Ph.D., Würzburg) Professor Austin STRANGE Associate Professor Director, MIPA Program (B.A., William & Mary, MA, ZJU, Ph.D., Harvard)

Expertise:

Comparative politics, international relations, European studies, EU – China relations

Expertise:

Contemporary western political philosophy and applied ethics, in particular: the ethics of violence (self-defense, war, terrorism, torture, assassination, punishment, etc.), global justice, political obligation, collective responsibility, Egalitarianism vs. anti-egalitarianism

Expertise:

Chinese foreign policy, international political economy, international development, trade, diplomacy



Professor Robert Thomson Professor Head, Department of Politics and Public Administration (B.A., Strathclyde, Ph.D., Groningen)

Western democracies, democratic representation, international governance, European Union

Expertise:

Professor Nicole WU Assistant Professor (B.S.Sc., CUHK; M.A. & Ph.D., Michigan)

International political economy,

automation, globalization,

United States, China

Expertise:

Dr. Suhong YANG Honorary Lecturer (LL.B., Renmin University of China; L.L.M. & S.J.D., Georgetown University Law Centre)

Expertise:

Public international law, international criminal law, human rights, international environmental law, ilnternational dispute settlement

ADMISSIONS

To be eligible for admission to the program, a candidate shall:

(a) hold a Bachelor's degree or higher;

(b) satisfy the English language requirements of HKU; and

(c) if deemed necessary, satisfy examiners in an interview and/or qualifying examination, if shortlisted.

Applicants with some academic training and/or relevant professional experience related to international relations, political science, public administration, business, law, or journalism/communication are preferred.

On-line application

https://shorturl.at/2j3jD





Contact Us

https://ppa.hku.hk/mipa/

Tel: (852) 3917-5563 Fax: (852) 2858-3550 Email: mipa@hku.hk

Fee Schedule

For regular students 2026-2027 (in HK\$) (subject to University's approval)

Application Fee \$300 (non-refundable) Caution Money \$350 The tuition fee is subject to annual review. For the most up-to-date information, please refer to the official website: https://ppa.hku.hk/mipa

ALUMNI TESTIMONIALS

The MIPA Program at the University of Hong Kong has offered me more than I ever imagined. It welcomes students from diverse backgrounds and provides rich, diverse courses in international relations and other disciplines that are highly accessible and easy to engage with.

Beyond that, the program's pluralistic and inclusive atmosphere has enabled me to connect with classmates of different ages and professions from around the world, which has profoundly inspired my career choices.

Jingdong Cao /International Development /Trade /Chinese mainland

I feel it had a big impact on my personal development. It is probably a large part of why I am now active in local politics (the timing was important too). It made me interrogate my own beliefs and understandings of politics and philosophy, something that I hadn't stopped to do properly before.

Ritchie Latham /Finance /Politics /UK Built upon Hong Kong's 'One Country, Two Systems' framework, the MIPA program at HKU enhanced my ability to navigate emerging geopolitical issues, deepened my understanding of cross-border negotiations, and enabled me to build meaningful connections with public sector professionals.

Vivian Leung /Real Estate Finance /Hong Kong, China

The course was intellectually stimulating and also fun - and I learnt a lot. The MIPA offers great academic flexibility, so you can tailor it to your interests.

I work in an investment bank and the insights I gained from the course have been invaluable, in this time of heightened geopolitical tensions and trade wars. The issues we studied and discussed on the MIPA are highly relevant to the business world, particularly businesses with a global or regional footprint, as well as being of purely academic interest.

I'd strongly recommend the MIPA to anyone wanting to get a more sophisticated take on the major geopolitical issues of the day, with a focus on the Asian region and, of course, China.

Patrick Huggard /Finance /UK "

The program's flexibility allowed me to take courses beyond the core curriculum—including in law—and attend a summer program at George Washington University, which broadened my global perspective and helped me form lasting connections with peers worldwide. The courses themselves continue to be highly relevant to what I do today at the United Nations. I still think back to the papers I wrote—on topics like the Millennium and Sustainable Development Goals, global political economy, energy, and sovereign risk—which are all issues I now work on directly.

Being a part-time student while working full-time also gave me the chance to learn alongside other professionals, which made the experience even richer. Looking back, MIPA was the bridge that connected my academic foundation with my career as an international civil servant. It shaped how I see the world—and my place in it.

Geneva Damayanti /International Development /Indonesia

MIPA program allowed me to view international politics and government affairs from a different perspective. As a member of the legislative branch in Mexico is valueable to learn about China and overall Asian countries policies.

> Jesús Salazar /Politics /Mexico

I would like to say I am beyond grateful for everything I have learnt as part of the MIPA programme. In terms of career development it was all anyone wanted to talk about in my interviews and the prestige of HKU certainly helped me secure the position in which I am currently. Furthermore I am sure that in future this degree will open doors for me in a wide range of international contexts moving forward.

> Alastair Fleming /FMCG /UK

CAREER OUTCOMES

Our alumni have a global presence, ranging from Europe—such as the UK, Switzerland, Germany, the Netherlands, France, and Spain—to the Americas, including the United States, Canada, and Mexico, as well as the Asia-Pacific region, encompassing Hong Kong, Chinese China, Japan, Indonesia, India, Singapore, and more. Their careers span a wide array of professions, covering the following sectors. Below are a few recent, non-exhaustive examples:

Government agencies:

- Local government (Elected Councillor, UK)
- Economy and Tourism Commission, Mexico
- Government of Japan
- The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: Immigration Department; Correctional Services Department; Harbour Office, Development Bureau; The Hong Kong Police Force; Leisure and Cultural Services Department

International organizations:

United Nations; The World Food Program; The European Union Office to Hong Kong and Macao

International non-governmental organizations: Washington Maritime Blue; World Vision Hong Kong

Not-for-profit organizations:

The Hong Kong Jockey Club

Geopolitical consulting:

The Asia Group, APCO Worldwide

Private sector:

Bank of America, The Big 4 - The four largest accounting firms: Deloitte, PwC (PricewaterhouseCoopers), KPMG, and EY (Ernst & Young); Asia Business Council; Baxter, JLL (Jones Lang LaSalle); BBVA (Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria); Kraft Heinz; Lee Kum Kee; Bilby; MSCI Real Assets; HK Express; PR agency; Marketing agency

Law:

Government Counsel, HKSAR; Lawyer of the Department of Justice, HKSAR

Education:

Princeton University; The University of Toronto; Clark University; Kyoto University; The Chinese University of Hong Kong; Jinan University of Guangzhou, China; Tianjin Foreign Studies University, China; University of Virginia; Kitasato University

Media:

The New York Times; Radio France à l'international, South China Morning Post; Bloomberg Businessweek/Chinese edition

COMPULSORY COURSES

Theories of international relations	This survey course is designed for graduate students and offers a rigorous introduction to the main debates and theoretical perspectives of international relations: what do we know about international conflict and international cooperation? Is the state the most significant actor in international affairs today? Can theory inform us about the actual day-to-day of international politics? Students will familiarize themselves with a variety of theoretical perspectives; however, the course will not manage to cover in depth and breadth each theoretical approach to International Relations theory. It is most likely that you will leave the course with more questions than answers.
S International political economy	This course studies the international political economy. How do economic and political forces interact in the international arena? How do these interactions shape the outcomes experienced globally, nationally, and by individual citizens? We address these questions in this course. We begin by sharpening our thinking technologies: grasping the key analytical paradigms used in IPE, and developing the methodological awareness that we need in order to consume (International Political Economy) IPE research. Equipped with the tools to understand IPE, we next turn to its substance. Substantive topics include international trade, global capital flows, financial crises, multinational production, climate change, international movements of people, and the performance of different national economies in the global economic system. We conclude by reflecting on ethical dilemmas, the future of the global political economy, and how that future affects us individually and collectively.
CAPSTONE PRO	JECT
	The capstone project enables students to integrate what they have learned from the MIPA Program and demonstrate their ability to analyze critical issues in international relations and public affairs. Students will work in small groups and complete a research project. A topic is selected in consultation with relevant teaching staff in September and the title of the capstone project is submitted for approval by December 1 of the final academic year of study. The project is then researched and written and submitted for examination by May 31 of the final academic year of study.
CORE COURSES	
International organizations	This course provides a general survey of the development of international organizations. It begins with the philosophical and theoretical foundations of international organizations. This toolbox is then used to explain the role of the main international institutions in specific policy domains, including international security, trade, finance, human rights and environment. For each of those domains, the course analyses the construction of the global policy problems, the international organizations established at addressing them, the way in which policies are negotiated and decided within those institutions, and their ability to solve the problems that motivated their creation. Special emphasis is given to exploring the roles and functions of the United Nations, and its affiliated organizations. Attention will also be given to regional organizations such as North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), and European Union (EU). Students will complete the course with a deeper understanding of the both similarities and differences between international organizations and their effective contribution to the governance of global politics.
International relations in the Asia-Pacific	This course is a survey of international relations in the Asia Pacific region. Instead of providing a comprehensive examination of the history, culture, and national policies of countries in the region, it mainly addresses four issues here: What are major trends in regional IR? What is the source of conflict in the region? What are the common interests that unite peoples and states of the Asian Pacific? How does the region organise itself? It explains dynamics and patterns of regional international relations in a broad geopolitical and geoeconomic context. Topics in discussion include major powers' role in the region, the Korean Peninsula, the Taiwan Strait, ASEAN, Southeast Asia and regional institution-building.
Understanding global problems: theory and practice	This course aims to critically explore some of the major challenges confronting an international community that is faced with unprecedented levels of global interdependency and escalating power asymmetry. The class will provide a detailed analysis of the issues at stake, providing students with the intellectual grounding necessary to critically evaluate many of our most pressing global problems and their proposed solutions. While the list of controversies changes each semester, some past questions have included: Are genetically modified foods crucial to the fight against hunger? Is U.S. hegemony a force for global (in)stability? Is globalization inherently "anti-religious"? Was NATO intervention in Kosovo justified? In exploring these and other controversies, the course will combine perspectives from the academic literature with those of practitioners, including senior diplomats, representatives from non-governmental organizations, government officials, and corporate executives.

Chinese foreign policy	This course examines China's evolving role in international politics and investigates basic questions about China's foreign relations: Is China's history relevant for its contemporary foreign policies? Can the United States and China successfully accommodate each other, or will China's growing role in world politics result in tension and conflict? Do China's military, political, and economic activities abroad help or hurt the interests of other states and societies? This course addresses these and other puzzles through a survey of China's historical and contemporary foreign relations. The first third of the course focuses on historical Chinese foreign relations. The remaining two thirds turn to contemporary issues in the study of Chinese foreign policy.
War and armed conflict:	This course provides a thorough introduction into the moral issues of war and armed conflict, with a focus on current debates in just war theory, and in particular on such controversial issues as "the moral (in)equality of soldiers", the principle of discrimination, terrorism, torture, guerrilla warfare and humanitarian intervention.
philosophical issues	
International Law	This course is taught under the assumption that most of the students are not majoring in public international law. It begins with an introduction to the study of international law, its sources, subjects, and its relations with domestic laws. It is then followed by a number of topics including, state sovereignty over territory and jurisdiction, immunities and treaties, UNCLOS, use of force and peaceful settlements of disputes, human rights and humanitarian laws, economic and environmental laws, etc. The course is mainly composed of two parts: lectures and class discussions. As an integrated part, the discussion session demands everyone's active participation. A list of international legal issues and/or cases shall be distributed in advance and "mock chambers" of ICJ or other judicial bodies shall be formed by the students from time to time to render decisions or give advisory opinions on the legal questions concerned.
Cross-Taiwan Strait relations	This course will explore the historical background and contemporary dynamics of the relationship across the Taiwan Strait, and introduces relevant theoretical concepts and analytical tools in studying cross-Taiwan Strait issues. The Taiwan problem has been a defining issue for China and its rise towards a great power in world affairs. The convergence and divergence between Taiwan and the mainland have troubled the Chinese nation for centuries. The course will examine the historical origin of the Taiwan problem and how cross-Strait relations have evolved since the late 19th century. In studying the evolving Taiwan problem, particular attention will be given on the role of the United States in shaping cross-Strait relations. In studying contemporary dynamics, the course will focus on the issues of economic integration, political dialogues, mutual confidence building, and people-to-people exchanges in the development of cross-Strait relations.
War and strategy	Chinese strategist Sun Zi declared: "War is a matter of vital importance to the state; the province of life or death; the road to survival or ruin. It is mandatory that it should be thoroughly studied." Complying with Sun's exhortation this course provides a composite introduction to the theory and practice of modern warfare based upon the precepts of Strategic Studies. It considers the complex relationship between politics and strategy, and the evolution of strategic thought, through focusing on the application of land/air/naval/space/cyber power. It also exposes questions of nuclear deterrence, revolutionary technologies, irregular warfare and terrorism. Through this course students will gain both conceptual and practical knowledge of warfare, and hone their critical and analytical faculties through the examination of complex strategic problems.
Special topics in international relations	This course is designed to explore a selected area or a set of selected issues in international relations studies. The course applies different theoretical approaches to enhance students' understanding of the changing international order and environment, the future prospects for international conflict and cooperation, international security, and current problems of world politics.
Special topics in	This course applies different theoretical approaches to important historical and contemporary empirical issues in the study of international political economy. Different from the general survey course International Political Economy, this course examines a set of special topics in international political economy. It examines more recent theoretical developments and applies comparative approaches to real world economic issues. Previous background in the study of international relations and international political economy is helpful but is not a requirement.
international political economy	
Special topics in Asia Pacific international relations	This course examines a set of selected topics in the study of Asia Pacific international relations. Different from International relations in the Asia-Pacific, this course focuses on special topics in the study of Asia-Pacific international relations, such as regional stability and cooperation, regional institutions and multilateralism, traditional and non-traditional security issues, regional conflict management and resolution, major powers' foreign policy towards the region, and international relations in Northeast Asia or Southeast Asia.

Special topics in global and regional governance	This course examines current scholarly debates relating to the interdisciplinary study of global and regional governance in the context of globalization. The current wave of globalization has created opportunities and challenges for governance at both global and regional levels. This course introduces students to the study of a set of selected issues in global and/or regional governance. It examines competing perspectives on globalization, global governance, regionalization, and regional governance. It explores the sources and consequences of globalization and regionalization as well as the key actors, institutions, regimes, and norms of global and regional governance.
World energy issues: international political economy and security	This course examines the interaction of global energy concerns with economic and geopolitical issues, with a focus on petroleum. Energy has been central to the formulation of national strategies, regional security dynamics, great power politics, and the macroeconomic stability. The class begins by providing an overview about oil in international security and political economy, and then examines the role of oil in geopolitics and economy in regions such as the Persian Gulf, Central Asia, and East Asia in more detail. The classes will involve in-depth discussions about many of current international issues including Russian relations with Ukraine, wars and conflicts in the Persian Gulf, the recent Iran nuclear deal, as well as China's growth and its diplomacy where the political economy of oil has been a major factor. The course also looks at other current energy issues such as the shale oil boom, the future of nuclear power, and the impact of energy on the environment.
The politics of global inequality	This class explores several questions surrounding the importance of income inequality. Why have some countries grown rich while others have not? Why are some societies more equal than others? Is wealth inequality the only type of inequality? Does inequality even matter? This class examines these questions by studying the political economy of growth and inequality. The main goal of this course is to understand both the causes and the consequences of income inequality. To this end, this course will draw from a variety of theoretical perspectives including economics, political science, psychology, and sociology to examine the sources of inequality and what can be done about it.
Political and sovereign risk assessment	This course will assess political and sovereign risk models from an academic, governmental, and business perspective. The course will introduce both quantitative and qualitative models of political and sovereign risk analysis within the framework of theories of international political economy (IPE). The course will apply these models to the sovereign debt crisis of the 1980s, the Asian Financial Crisis of 1997, the Global Financial Crisis of 2008, and current issues within the global economic order. Students will learn how to analyze and present contemporary international risk assessments that integrate theoretical models, historical experience, financial market constraints, economic realities, and political exigencies.
Law, politics and the international system	This course examines the complex interaction between law, politics and power in international relations. It asks whether international law can tame power politics and, if so, how? The course comprises two broad strands. Firstly, students will be introduced to the concept of international law. What is it? Where does it come from? And, critically, how is it enforced? We will then build on those foundations by analysing key issues in contemporary international relations, including human rights, the use of force, international criminal justice, and state secession. Taking specific cases, such as the NATO intervention in Libya, Russia's annexation of Crimea, and the conflict against ISIS in Syria, we will examine the challenges of building an international order that is both just and stable. Upon completion of the course, students will have a deep understanding of both the possibilities and limits of international law as a tool for resolving conflict and mediating power in international relations.
International security	This course surveys the field of international security. It starts by examining international relations theory to provide students with frameworks through which they can analyze international security issues objectively and critically. Then it will overview origins of modern wars among countries and discuss tools that the international community and individual states can use to prevent and end conflicts. The course will also examine current topics in international security, such as the rise of China and its impact on international security, maritime security, nuclear proliferation, threats from cyber warfare and artificial intelligence, and humanitarian intervention.
Epistemics of international relations	How do we know what we know in international relations (IR)? What are the epistemic underpinnings of IR? What assumptions underlie our knowledge about IR, how factual are our "facts", and how valid are our theories and evidence? This seminar explores these questions from the historical, institutional, sociological, constructivist, methodological and causal-inferential perspectives. The goal is to develop a deeper understanding of where our IR knowledge comes from and the fallibilities of what we think we know. The seminar is designed for students with strong academic interest in specialized and in-depth study. Students are expected to read intensively and contribute fruitfully to seminar discussions.

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Governance and Policy in International Organizations	Governance is about managing complex policymaking processes. It refers to the formal and informal interactions between stakeholders that have different perspectives on how to address the most pressing problems we face. The range of stakeholders with an interest in today's significant policy problems is vast. For instance, mitigating and adapting to climate change requires action by governmental and non-governmental stakeholders at the local, national, regional and global levels. Tackling policy problems that have international dimensions requires the coordination of multiple government agencies within states, different levels of government, non-state actors, which include corporations, civil society organizations and think tanks, as well as international organizations and agencies. This complexity is magnified in today's interconnected world, as policymaking in one region of the world can have significant effects elsewhere. This course covers the concepts, theories and methods required to understand governance and policymaking processes that have significant international dimensions.
International development	Developing countries, sometimes collectively referred to as the "Global South," have been consistently marginalized yet strategically important in international relations throughout modern history. This course examines the intersection of development and international politics in three parts: the major development bottlenecks faced by developing countries; the role of powerful states and international institutions in shaping the field of global development; and several frontiers in international development including the rise of "emerging donors," Chinese development finance and China-U.S. coexistence in the Global South, global public health, and climate change. The course will familiarize students with a wide range of political science and other social science research on international development. It will also introduce students to a diverse set of conceptual and methodological research approaches in political science and international relations.
International relations and the Middle East	The Middle East and North Africa (MENA) plays a key role in international relations. This course explores the reasons behind and the consequences of this fact. Topics covered include the role of oil, the formation of ideologies such as Arab nationalism and Islamic fundamentalism, the Arab-Israeli conflict, the war on terror, the Arab uprisings, and more. By employing the conceptual toolbox of International Relations (IR), we will also assess whether dominant IR perspectives facilitate or hinder a comprehensive understanding of MENA's position within the international order. A central challenge in studying MENA, as with other regions of the Global South, is the tension between autonomy and external influence. To what extent have the peoples of MENA been able to shape their own histories? What types of states, economies, and ideologies have emerged from the region's complex and often violent contemporary history? The course makes use of a combination of textbook readings, academic papers, and other learning materials, such as videos and podcasts. Studying and engaging with the provided learning content will be essential for a successful outcome.
Global information wars	With new information technologies, states and citizens around the world fight escalated information wars against one another: Governments restrict or contaminate domestic information flow with censorship and propaganda; political and business elites operate domestic or international information campaigns to manipulate public opinions; citizens organize collective actions with new information technologies. In these information wars, who are the players? What are their interests? And what are their strategies? By reading classic and frontier research on political behavior and communication from a comparative perspective, this course introduces students to social scientific findings on how states, elites, and citizens shape the global information environment with new technologies. The first part of the course introduces the behavioral foundations of global information warfare. The second part examines information warfare in domestic politics of both democratic and authoritarian countries. The third part examines information wars in international political economy, with a focus on international online influence operations of governments, tech giants, and the civil society.
Comparative politics of modern Southeast Asia	This course covers comparative politics of modern Southeast Asia, with a focus on political transformations in the region since the Cold War. The course provides a historically grounded approach to understand the formation of Southeast Asian states as well as the contemporary dynamics of political changes in the region. It starts by reviewing the impact of colonialism and historical trajectories in the region. We then delve deep into specific Southeast Asian countries, overviewing key political events and important leaders, tracing logics of political contestation, and providing a foundation to understand the structures of governments. After the specific country studies, we will focus on a few specific issues and challenges pertaining to the region, such as economic development, political regimes and governance, and regionalization.
Government and law	This course examines the legal regulation of governmental powers at the constitutional and administrative levels. Topics include: the constitutional development of Hong Kong under "One Country Two Systems" and the Basic Law; principles of constitutional and legal interpretation; constitutional protection of human rights under the Basic Law and the Bill of Rights; the nature of judicial review of administrative actions; exercise of discretionary powers by administrative officials; principles of judicial review and their application in actual cases.

NGOs and governance	This course examines the relationships between and among the state, market and civil society with particular reference to the work of those not-for-profit organizations and associations which are normally referred to as NGOs. It focuses on the legal-structural dimensions of NGOs and the ways in which they operate in the production, provision, ownership, regulation and facilitation of various goods and services.
o ♥ o ▶ ← ↑ Program evaluation	This course provides an introduction to program evaluation. The main objective of this course is to familiarise students with a wide range of evaluation methods that are increasingly used to evaluate programs and inform their design and implementation. Students will begin by reflecting on the inherent complexity involved in program evaluation and the importance of evaluation planning and design. Students will then engage with basic statistical techniques that underly evaluation methodologies. The remainder of the course will focus on introducing and applying the major evaluation frameworks. These include quantitative frameworks (e.g. field and laboratory experiments, quasi-experimental methods) and synthetic evaluations. By the end of the course, students will be able to design, implement and run a basic program evaluation, and critically engage with published program evaluations in the academic and grey literatures. No previous university-level quantitative knowledge is required for this course.
ELECTIVE COURS	SES
Overseas study at Peking University: "Current issues in China's international relations"	The course will explore the major foreign policy issues that are confronting China in recent years. These issues include China and globalization, China and regional security, China's relations with US, China's relations with Europe, China's relations with Japan, and China and international environmental protection. It will be jointly taught by renowned Chinese foreign policy scholars at Peking University and practitioners and specialists based in Beijing.
Overseas study at Johns Hopkins University: SAIS program	The School of Advanced International Studies (SAIS) summer program provides students from across the United States and abroad an opportunity to enrol in excellent courses taught in a condensed form. Courses offered include American foreign policy since World War II, global issues: drugs, crime and terrorism, principles and practices of conflict management, strategy and policy, international monetary theory, international trade theory. Students are required to take 1 to 2 SAIS course.
Ì	This two-week intensive course examines how U.S. foreign policy is made, the history that informs it, the political culture that sustains it, and the ideas and interests that drive it. Taking full advantage of its location in downtown Washington, DC, the program features visits to key institutions that influence American foreign policy as well as lectures by leading scholars and experts from government, think tanks, international organizations, non-profit organizations, the media, and foreign embassies.
Overseas study at George Washington University: U.S. foreign policy summer program	
Overseas study at Seoul	This course is intended to make students familiar with the contemporary issues related to the East Asian countries, ranging from trade disputes and soft powers to financial problems. Taking an historical approach and using key theoretical perspectives, students will learn how the East Asian region has been coping with policy challenges and how East Asian regional order has evolved into its current forms.
National University: Seminar on area studies – East Asia in the modern world	
Summer overseas study of international relations in East and Southeast Asia	Embark on an immersive exploration of East or Southeast Asia's dynamic international relations through this summer overseas study program. This course will be offered in rotation in a different East or Southeast Asian country, pending availability and cooperation with a university in a particular country. It offers a comprehensive examination of the region's geopolitical landscape, historical conflicts, and emerging global roles. Students will engage with topics such as regional security, economic integration, cultural diplomacy, and the impact of major powers on regional politics. Based in a key East or Southeast Asian city, the program combines academic rigor with experiential learning. Participants will attend lectures by distinguished experts from a local university, visit international organizations/local NGOs, and engage in cultural exchanges. On-site learning experiences include visits to historic landmarks that will enrich students' appreciation of East or Southeast Asia's political trajectory. By the end of the course, students will gain a deeper understanding of international relations in the East or Southeast Asian context and develop cross-cultural communication skills essential for careers in diplomacy, international business, and global advocacy.

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